# La Bamba Reading Booklet



## **Vocabulary**

applause	n.	when everybody claps their hands	
debut	n./v.	to perform for the first time	
duo	n.	two people	
embarrassed	adj.	to feel ashamed about something	
forty-five record	n.	a small record with one song on each side	
limelight	n.	when all the attention is on you	
pantomime	٧.	to pretend you are singing or acting without sound; lip-sync	
rehearsal	n.	a practice for a performance	
talent	n.	the ability to do something well	
volunteered	٧.	offering to help without reward	

Write the best vocabulary word under each picture.



2.



3.



4.

1.



5.



6.



#### **Spelling**

#### Write the spelling word best related to each word.

1.	pound		11.	scared			
2.	hundred		12.	sink			
3.	paw		13.	falcon			
4.	stop		14.	love			
5.	loud		15.	wet			
6.	angry		16.	hunt			
7.	deer		17.	tall			
8.	blame		18.	ghost			
9.	boat		19.	queen			
10.	head		20.	wait			
<u>\</u>	Write a short one-word answer to each question.						
21. What will a hawk eat?							
22.	22. What would you launch into the ocean?						
	23. Who are you loyal to?						

29. Where does a royal person live?

30. Where can people drown?

24. What reptile has a claw?

25. What place is noisy?

26. What will a coward do?

27. What costs a thousand NT?

28. What is a male adult fawn called?

30. Where can people drown?

## **The Characters**

Write three words describing each character. Then, in one sentence, write who each person is in the story.

Benny	
	-
Petra Lopez	_
	-
Mr. Roybal	_
	_
Manuel's Father	
	-
	_

### **The Talent Show**

Number the acts in order of when they were in the talent show. Then, paste or draw a picture about each act.

The Karate Kid		La Bamba	
Tooth and Toothbrush		Girls Jumping Rope	
A Trumpet Player		Violin Duo	
	ļ		

# **A Scratched Record**

Answer the questions about the main story problem.
How did the record get scratched?
Why didn't Manuel know it was scratched?
wity didn't hander know it was seratened.
How did a scratched record affect Manuel's performance
Now write an alternate ending to the story.
Now write all alternate ending to the story.

## **Story Parts**

Choose a Magic Tree House Book from the library and finish the graphic organizer.

Book Title					
Characters	Setting				
Р	lot				
Main Problem					
Solution					

# **Brain Power**

# Write the short answer to each riddle

1.	What has a face, two hands, but no arms or legs?	
2.	What goes up but never comes back down?	
3.	What has a thumb and four fingers but is not alive?	
4.	What weighs more, a pound of iron or a pound of feathers?	
5.	How many 9s are there between 1 and 100?	
6.	Two fathers and two sons sat down and ate exactly three eggs for breakfast. Each person had one egg. How?	
7.	What has four legs but can't walk?	
8.	What goes up and down but	



#### **Transitive Vs. Intransitive Verbs**

When discussing direct objects, verbs can be separated into two groups: *transitive* and *intransitive*. A transitive verb is a verb that has a direct object. For example, in the sentence:

Monkeys eat bananas.

the word *eat* is a transitive verb with the direct object bananas. The transitive verbs listed below usually have direct objects.

On the other hand, an intransitive verb does not have a direct object. It is a complete thought without the direct object. We say:

The man will hop.

It is a complete thought without a direct object. The intransitive verbs listed below usually don't have direct objects. Some of them never have direct objects. If you are not sure whether a verb is transitive or intransitive, just ask the question, "What?" For example, "What does the monkey have?"

Transitive	Intransitive		
have	jump		
give	run		
hit	swim		
watch	think		
ignore	sit		

#### **Direct Object**

A direct object is a word that follows a verb that is the object of that verb. For example, in the sentence:

Jimmy is playing basketball.

the word *basketball* is the direct object of the verb *playing*. There are some important things to remember about direct objects:

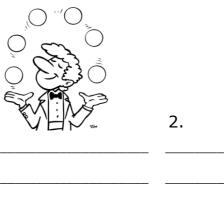
- 1. Direct objects are always nouns or pronouns.
- 2. A direct object never follows a preposition.
- 3. A direct object will answer the question "What?" after a verb.
- 4. "Be" verbs are neither transitive nor intransitive. They are linking verbs. This means that "be" verbs never have direct objects.

<u>Circle the verbs in the sentences below. Then write tran.</u> (transitive) or intr. (intransitive) above each verb. If it is a transitive verb, draw an arrow to the direct object.

- 1. The pigeons fly wildly in the park.
- Why is Josh throwing that donut in the garbage?
- 3. The beaver built a lodge in that river.
- 4. I saw Kate yesterday. She was buying a CD.
- 5. Harmony loves cats and rabbits.
- 6. Don't look at the sun. It will burn your eyes.

## **Talent Show**

Write a sentence about what each person is doing.







1.

3.

5.







4.

### **Talent Show Writing**

Choose one of the pictures from the previous page and write a graphic organizer about it.

Story Title					
Characters	Setting				
P	lot				
Main Problem					
Solution					
Solution					

#### **Ritchie Valens**

Ritchie Valens was born on May 13, 1941 in California. He began recording music when he was sixteen years old. He recorded a lot of different hits, including La Bamba. On February 13, 1959, when Valens was seventeen years old, he died in a small-plane crash in Iowa. That



day became known as "The Day the Music Died." Valens became very influential as a rock and roll musician.

Use the internet to find answers to the following questions about Ritchie Valens. Make sure to write your answers in complete sentences.

1.	what two other musicians died in the plane crash?
2.	What were two other hit songs from Ritchie Valens?
3.	What instruments did Ritchie Valens play?

## **Geography Category Game**

Think of a word that can fit in each blank. You may use the internet to help you find answers if you want.

	Country	City	Body of Water	Mountain	Score
В					
i					
С					
P					
0					
Bonus Points					<u>Total</u>